

গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার
মৎস্য অধিদপ্তর, বাংলাদেশ
১৩নং শহীদ ক্যাপ্টেন মনসুর আলী সরনি
মৎস্য ভবন, রমনা, ঢাকা-১০০০
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পত্র নং-৩৩.০২.০০০০.১০২.০৫.০১৭.০১- ১৯৩


তারিখঃ ১০/০২/২০১৭ খ্রি.

বিষয়ঃ “11th Meeting of National Taskforce on Implementation of National Strategy on Myanmar Refugees and undocumented Myanmar National” এর কার্যবিবরণী প্রসঙ্গে।

সূত্র: মৎস্য ও প্রাণিসম্পদ মন্ত্রণালয়ের ০১/০২/২০১৭ খ্রি. তারিখের ৩৩.০০.০০০০.১০৮.১৬.০০৯.১৪-১৩৬ সংখ্যক স্মারক।

উপর্যুক্ত বিষয় ও সূত্রোক্ত পত্রের মর্মানুযায়ী “11th Meeting of National Taskforce on Implementation of National Strategy on Myanmar Refugees and undocumented Myanmar National” এর কার্যবিবরণীর সিদ্ধান্তের বিষয়ে পত্রের ছায়ািলিপি অনুসরণে প্রয়োজনীয় পদক্ষেপ গ্রহণের জন্য নির্দেশক্রমে এতদসংক্ষেপে প্রেরণ করা হলো।

সংযুক্ত: বর্ণনামতে (১০ পাতা)।


(পরিমল চন্দ্র দাস)
উপপরিচালক (প্রশাসন)
ফোন-০২-৯৫৬৯৩৫৫

ই-মেইল: ddadmin@fisheries.gov.bd

বিতরণ: (সদয় জ্ঞাতার্থে ও কার্যার্থে) (জ্যেষ্ঠতার ক্রমানুসারে নয়)

১. পরিচালক (সামুদ্রিক), সামুদ্রিক মৎস্য অধিদপ্তর, আগ্রাবাদ, চট্টগ্রাম।
২. উপপরিচালক, মৎস্য অধিদপ্তর, চট্টগ্রাম বিভাগ, কুমিল্লা।
৩. জেলা মৎস্য কর্মকর্তা, কক্সবাজার/ রাজশাহী/ খাগড়াছড়ি/ বান্দরবান/ চট্টগ্রাম।
৪. সিস্টেম এনালিস্ট, আইসিটি শাখা, মৎস্য অধিদপ্তর, মৎস্য ভবন, ঢাকা। ওয়েবসাইটে প্রকাশের অনুরোধসহ।

অনুলিপি:

১. সচিবের একান্ত সচিব, মৎস্য ও প্রাণিসম্পদ মন্ত্রণালয়, বাংলাদেশ সচিবালয়, ঢাকা (সচিব মহোদয়ের সদয় অবগতির জন্য)।
২. স্টাফ অফিসার, মৎস্য অধিদপ্তর (মহাপরিচালক মহোদয়ের সদয় অবগতির জন্য)।
৩. সংশ্লিষ্ট নথি।

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তারিখ: ১৯ মাঘ ১৪২৩
০১ ফেব্রুয়ারি ২০১৭

বিষয়: “11th Meeting of National Taskforce on Implementation of National Strategy on Myanmar Refugees and undocumented Myanmar National”-এর কার্যবিবরণী প্রসঙ্গে।

সূত্র: পররাষ্ট্র মন্ত্রণালয়ের পত্র নং-UN-HR-5013/15/14, তারিখ: ০৪/০১/২০১৭

উপর্যুক্ত বিষয় ও সূত্রোক্ত পত্রের পরিপ্রেক্ষিতে “11th Meeting of National Taskforce on Implementation of National Strategy on Myanmar Refugees and undocumented Myanmar National”-এর কার্যবিবরণীর সিদ্ধান্তের বিষয়ে প্রয়োজনীয় ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণের জন্য নির্দেশক্রমে অনুরোধ করা হলো।

সংযুক্ত: ০৯ (নয়) পাতা।

(মোঃ আব্দুর রাশেদ খান)
উপসচিব
ফোন: ৯৫৭৬৬৯৬

মহাপরিচালক
মন্ত্রণালয়
সেগুনবাগিচা, ঢাকা।

অনুলিপি:

- ১। সচিব মহোদয়ের একান্ত সচিব, মন্ত্রণালয় ও প্রাণিসম্পদ মন্ত্রণালয়।
- ২। অতিরিক্ত সচিব (প্রশাসন) এর ব্যক্তিগত কর্মকর্তা, মন্ত্রণালয় ও প্রাণিসম্পদ মন্ত্রণালয়।
- ৩। অফিস কপি।

Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Foreign Affairs
United Nations Section
Dhaka

No.: UN-HR-5013/15/14

Date: 04 January 2017

Subject: 11th Meeting of National Taskforce on Implementation of National Strategy on Myanmar Refugees and Undocumented Myanmar Nationals.

Ref.: Office Memorandum No.: UN-HR-5013/15/2381 Date: 15 December 2016

With reference to the above, the undersigned is directed to forward herewith the Meeting Minutes of 11th Meeting of National Taskforce on Implementation of National Strategy on Myanmar Refugees and Undocumented Myanmar Nationals.

02. This is for your kind perusal and necessary action.

Encl: As stated (08 pages)

Md. Showeb Abdullah
Assistant Secretary (UN-II)
Phone: 9580013
E-Mail: showeb.abdullah@mofa.gov.bd

Distribution (not according to seniority):

1. Cabinet Secretary, Cabinet Division, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
2. Principal Secretary, Prime Minister's Office, Tejgaon, Dhaka.
3. Senior Secretary, Ministry of Commerce, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
4. Senior Secretary, Finance Division, Ministry of Finance, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
5. Senior Secretary, Economic Relations Division (ERD), Shere Bangla Nagar, Dhaka.
6. Senior Secretary, Ministry of Water Resources, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
7. Inspector General of Police, Police Headquarters, Fulbaria, Dhaka.
8. Principal Staff Officer, Armed Forces Division, Prime Minister's Office, Dhaka Cantonment, Dhaka.
9. Secretary, Ministry of Home Affairs, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
10. Secretary, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
11. Secretary, Law and Justice Division, Ministry of Law, Justice and Parliamentary Affairs, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
12. Secretary, Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
13. Secretary, Ministry of Environment and Forests, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
14. Secretary, Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
15. Secretary, Statistics and Informatics Division (SID), Ministry of Planning, Agargaon, Dhaka.
16. Secretary, Ministry of Chittagong Hill Tracts Affairs, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
17. Secretary, Ministry of Primary and Mass Education, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
18. Secretary, Local Government Division, Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperatives, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka.
19. Member, Socio Economic Infrastructure Division, Planning Commission, Agargaon, Dhaka.
20. Director General, NGO Affairs Bureau, Ramna, Dhaka.
21. Director General, Directorate General of Forces Intelligence (DGFI), DGFI Headquarters, Dhaka Cantonment, Dhaka.
22. Director General, National Security of Intelligence (NSI), Segunbagicha, Dhaka.
23. Director General, Border Guard Bangladesh (BGB), BGB Headquarters, Peelkhana, Dhaka.
24. Director General, Bangladesh Coast Guard, Coast Guard Headquarters, Agargaon, Dhaka.
25. Chief Engineer, Department of Public Health Engineering, DPHE Bhaban, Kakrail, Dhaka.
26. Refugee, Relief, and Repatriation Commissioner (RRFC), Cox's Bazar.
27. Deputy Commissioner, Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Cox's Bazar.
28. Civil Surgeon, Civil Surgeon Office, Cox's Bazar.

Distribution (Internal):

1. Director General, South-East Asia, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Dhaka

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Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Foreign Affairs
United Nations Wing
Dhaka

Minutes of the 11th Meeting of the National Taskforce on Implementation of the National Strategy Paper on Myanmar Refugees and Undocumented Myanmar Nationals, 21 December 2016

The Eleventh meeting of the National Task Force (NTF) on Implementation of the National Strategy on Myanmar Refugees and Undocumented Myanmar Nationals was held at the Conference Room, Ministry of Foreign Affairs on 21 December 2016 at 1000 hrs. Hon'ble Foreign Minister H.E. Mr. Abul Hassan Mahmood Ali, MP graced the meeting while Mr. Md. Shahidul Haque, Foreign Secretary and Chair of the NTF chaired it. Bangladesh Ambassador to Myanmar, Ambassadors and representatives of Bangladesh Permanent Missions in New York and Geneva, and Brussels joined the meeting through Skype. The list of participants in the meeting is attached at *Annex-A*.

2. At the onset, referring to the long historical background of the Rakhine Muslims, Hon'ble Foreign Minister stated that the problem of Muslims of Rakhine, who self-identify as Rohingyas¹, dated back to several decades. He further stated that the situation worsened in late 1970's as well as in the 90's during which hundreds of thousands Myanmar nationals entered Bangladesh. He continued that the current humanitarian crisis in Myanmar had drawn the attention of regional countries, the international community, media and human rights group. Referring to the Joint Statement by the Foreign Ministers of Bangladesh and Myanmar issued at the conclusion of the official visit of the Myanmar Foreign Minister to Bangladesh (23-28 April) in 1992, Hon'ble Foreign Minister stated that, the Government of Myanmar had already acknowledged the Myanmar Refugees in Bangladesh "Myanmar residents" and "as members of Myanmar society" and accordingly total 2, 36,599 persons were repatriated to Myanmar as of 28 July 2005 and some 20,000 were ready for repatriation and these 20,000 were never returned. Myanmar unilaterally closed the repatriation process of the rest. In addition Rohingya Muslims have been regularly taking shelter in Bangladesh due to continued marginalization, human rights violation and other forms of persecution in Rakhine State, the number of which reached about 300,000. He reiterated that it was for the Government of Myanmar to resolve the crisis in Rakhine and repatriate its own people. He advised that all the concerned government authorities/agencies should make concerted and well-coordinated efforts in line with the principle set by the Government. He cautioned that nobody should speak out of turn and do things without coordinating with NTF on a matter which was very sensitive and could have huge ramifications.

3. The Foreign Secretary briefly explained the current adverse situation of Rohingyas in Myanmar, and the atrocities committed on them had reached a new height and intensity. At

¹ Myanmar has gone back on her commitment of not using the term 'Bengalis' to denote this people. Rather, she has gone ahead to call the 'Bengalis' illegal immigrants.

the same time, it was gaining traction in discourse at regional and international level. He mentioned that Bangladesh had never tried to reap any political gain from the issue and had managed to remain seriously composed despite visible socio-economic as well security impact of people in huge numbers. He continued that the current situation had opened up new and serious phase as Myanmar was taking up it in various international fora and wrongly trying to project that Bangladesh was playing a role to destabilize things in Rakhine State and to highlight that some of the perpetrators of recent attacks on Police posts had come from Bangladesh. He mentioned that henceforth, Bangladesh would match Myanmar in international domain to foil its propaganda.

4. The Chair then invited the representative of the International Organization for Migration (IOM) to make a presentation focusing on humanitarian services to the UMN's in Cox's Bazaar. During their presentation, IOM narrated their activities in the field of water and sanitation in Kutupalong, Nayapara and Leda makeshift camps. IOM also pointed out their activities to support government initiative in healthcare, sanitation and education as well as to strengthen the local NGOs in the pursuit. They presented their detailed activities in facilitating WASH infrastructure, access to clean water, improving access to hygienic latrines, equipping communities with repairing skills and tools, installing and maintaining solar lamps, distributing solar lanterns, building and maintaining biogas plants etc. IOM attracted the attention of the meeting on certain challenges, such as, lack of access to justice by the victims of sexual violence, absence of gynecologist in the Ukhiya Health Complex and lack of electricity and other maintenance facilities in the community clinics, absence of any education facility among the children living in makeshift camps and shortage of drinking water in those areas.

5. IOM then asserted that these have been further aggravated by approximately 40,000 new arrivals. IOM also shared that shelter being the main concern for the new arrivals; the locals are taking advantage of the situation and building houses in the private lands to rent those to the Rohingyas. The IOM made particular reference to trauma of women, who encountered rape, and children with severe cases of malnutrition and people with bullet and other injuries that needed to be addressed urgently.

6. The Foreign Secretary then invited Bangladesh Ambassador to Myanmar to brief on the evolving situation since the 9 October attacks. The Ambassador briefed the meeting on the current ground situation in Rakhine state, reactions and possible way forward. He mentioned that, taking advantage of regime change in different parts of the world as well as of well-intentioned flexibility of the international community towards democratic transition in Myanmar, the Myanmar forces responded with brute force which many observers found as "ethnic cleansing" of the Muslims. However, the serious humanitarian crisis of the Muslims in Rakhine State and coverage of stories of atrocity in international media had generated significant traction this time. The holding of ASEAN Foreign Ministers' meeting on 19 December 2016 in Yangon and its terming the crisis as a 'regional issue' was a testament to that. He added that although ASEAN in the past had considered this issue as one of its member States' internal issue, this time it had recognized this as a regional issue which manifested the severity of the Rohingya crisis.

7. The Ambassador gave a brief account of various aspects of insecurities in Rakhine and Chin State that included insurgency, drug, human trafficking and possibly gun running. He pointed out that several insurgent groups, in particular, the Arakan Army and the Arakan Liberation Army have been very active in the recent time and with the support of Arakan National Party they were stoking extreme 'Rakhine Nationalism' and inflaming Buddhist religious sentiments. Skirmishes with these groups have been causing huge losses (to the tune of over 150 since last December) to Myanmar forces that Myanmar authorities and media seek to downplay. He touched upon flush out operations conducted by Bangladesh forces against such groups. He also warned about Muslim groups operating from Bangladesh against Myanmar which might be damaging for Bangladesh. Referring to flow of certain Buddhist ethnic people from Bangladesh to settle in Rakhine in so-called Na Ta La (Boder Affairs Ministry) villages who were encouraged to join Myanmar forces in committing atrocities on Rohingyas, he suggested that Bangladesh needed to check their settlement in those villages and their movement across the border. Taking part in the discussion that followed, he suggested a) extending the limited census to the newly arrived; b) access to Human Rights defenders and global media objectively report on the atrocities, c) advise Bangladesh fishermen from fishing in Naaf river and adjoining sea to avoid capture by Myanmar forces; and d) given the present situation in the Bangladesh Myanmar border and insecurity, not to resume border trade (also to signal that business-as-usual could not continue when atrocities continue). The meeting generally endorsed them. He forewarned that entry of Rohingyas might continue in coming months even military operations ceased due to inhospitable situation, food insecurity, lack of health-care and access to market, extreme restrictions on movement and livelihood etc.

8. Representative of the BGB informed that over the last three months, the influx from Myanmar has increased significantly due to military operations compared to 20/25 per day during the peace/normal time. Although the intensity of the operation has been reduced recently, the influx was not going to stop, primarily as more than a few hundred thousand Rohingya Muslims were in hiding in inaccessible terrain of the hill region and were looking for opportunity to cross the border. Referring to the geographical realities in the Bangladesh-Myanmar border, he said, due to the presence of Naaf River which is narrow and shallow in the upper reaches in the Myanmar side, the Rohingyas could easily cross the border. Due to the hilly terrain of the border area, the intruders can easily access the territory of Bangladesh unnoticed and got shelter with the facilitation of their relatives and local sympathizers. He also mentioned that the new shelters made by the cohorts of local actors to facilitate the stay of the Rohingyas might attract more people from Myanmar and hence, this should be stopped. Referring to the recent reports of International Crisis Group, he said, the recent influx might attract people to Islamic radicalism and even insurgency as the helpless Rohingyas could be potential recruits to the international Islamic militant groups.

9. The representative of DGFI informed the meeting that that Myanmar had deployed significantly high number of army personnel in the border check posts and mobilized heavy artillery and other assets close to the border areas which have firing coverage approximately, up to Bangladesh camps in Teknaf area. He pointed out that necessary preparedness of Bangladesh side should be in place to respond to any eventuality.



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10. Representative of NSI apprised the meeting that the home grown local terrorist groups in Bangladesh e.g., Hizbut-Tahrir (HuT), Jamaat-ul-Mujahideen-Bangladesh (JMB) and Ansar Ul Islam could have nexus with the insurgency groups in Myanmar and together might pose threat to the peace and tranquility of Bangladesh. He also pointed to the online-based extremist propaganda which could worsen the situation. He suggested that intelligence coordination needs to be enhanced to avoid any unbecoming situation in future.

11. Representative of the NGO Affairs Bureau informed that many among UMNs were now engaging in illicit drug trafficking, prostitution and other illegal activities and if not addressed could affect Cox's Bazaar area heavily. With regard to the activities of INGOs and other development partners in the Cox's bazaar, he pointed out that all humanitarian and development activities in the Cox's Bazar should be vetted by the National Task Force. In this regard, the meeting was informed that due to the crisis situation in Cox's Bazar, many development partners were approaching the Government of Bangladesh with their proposal to provide humanitarian assistances - some of which were being channeled through Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief. Considering the sensitivity of and complexity of overall situation in Cox's Bazar, the meeting recommended that all humanitarian assistance targeting the UMNs and Rohingyas should be referred to the National Taskforce.

12. The representative of the ERD informed that several national and international NGOs are running projects in Cox's Bazaar area and ERD is not the only authority in furnishing approval to all of those projects, e.g., UNHCR works directly with the concerned authorities of Bangladesh. Referring to IOM's agreement with ERD for coordinating all humanitarian activities in Cox's Bazar, he mentioned that one of the objectives of IOM's project was to gradually reduce involvement of INGOs and replace those by capacity building of the local NGOs. The meeting was apprised that IOM was working closely in capacity building of the local NGOs. It was pointed out that some agencies and partners were trying to establish their presence in Cox's Bazar by taking advantage of the influx. In this regard, the meeting suggested that ERD would consult the NTF while deciding on those project proposals.

13. Representative of BBS apprised the meeting about the status of the census and informed that the data collection has ended in June and currently BBS was doing the final processing of acquired data. In this respect, he mentioned that if the project is extended for another six months, the newly arrived Myanmar nationals could be enlisted.

14. In course of discussion, the meeting took the following decisions:

- a) Myanmar Government will be formally requested to take necessary action for repatriation of Rakhine Muslims living in Bangladesh in particular immediate return of the new arrivals. The Myanmarese Ambassador to Bangladesh may be called and handed over an official request. [Done]
- b) Security measures in and around the refugee camps and the makeshift settlements in Cox's Bazar will be enhanced. Additional BGB camps, if required, will be set up by BGB along the international border as well as additional security forces will be deployed in Kutupalong and Leda areas. Ministry of Home Affairs will take necessary actions in this regard.

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- c) The district administration will be advised to take necessary measures to stop *building of houses on government lands* and to check illicit and anti-social activities in and around the refugee camps and makeshift settlements.
 - d) To discuss the security scenario in the context of recent developments in the Rakhine State of Myanmar, AFD will be requested to convene a high level meeting at the earliest including all the concerned security agencies and other found pertinent. [Meeting held]
 - e) ✓ M/o DM&R, NGO Affairs Bureau and ERD will refer all proposal of humanitarian and development projects from INGOs, UN Agencies and Development partners in the Cox's Bazar area to the NTF for its view/ opinion.
 - f) The census project of Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics will be extended for 06 months to complete the census of the newly arrived Rakhine Muslims with field data collection within shortest possible time (if possible within a month). [letter sent]
 - g) Resumption of border trade between Teknaf and Maungdaw to be considered only after situation improves.
 - h) ✓ Advise Bangladesh fishermen to remain alert while from fishing in Naaf river and adjoining sea.
15. Hon'ble Foreign Minister expressed his utter dissatisfaction at the absence of the representatives of some key Ministries/authorities, in particular, of the Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief and of the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Cox's Bazar, and asked all concerned to attend meetings of the NTF in future without any exception.
16. In conclusion, the Chair requested all concerned Ministries/ Divisions/ Agencies to work in a coordinated manner as well as make sincere efforts towards implementing the National Strategy in the interest of better management of challenges emanating from the presence of UMN's and new arrivals of Rohingyas, national security, and national image. Finally, thanking everyone for attending the meeting, the Chair declared the meeting close.



(Md. Shahidul Haque)
Foreign Secretary
Chair, National Taskforce
on Implementation of the National Strategy Paper on
Myanmar Refugees and Undocumented Myanmar Nationals

-2017-

11th Meeting of National Taskforce on Implementation of the Strategy Paper on Myanmar
Refuge and Undocumented Myanmar Nationals on Wednesday, 21 December 2016
Chaired by: Hon'ble Foreign Minister

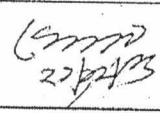
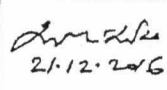
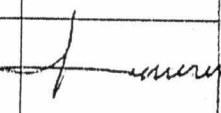

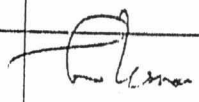
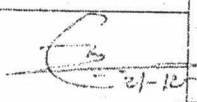
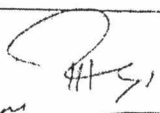

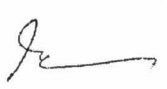
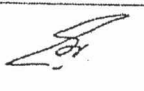
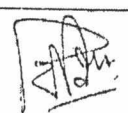
List of Participants

Sl.No	Name/ Designation	Ministry/ Organization	Cell No. & Email ID	Signature
1.	Nirupam Dev Nath Director, PMO	PMO	01706662802 ding@pmp.gov.	Nath
2.	Abu Hena Mostafiz DS (POL-1) /	Ministry of Home Affairs	01824546800 admin17@gmail.com	21.12.2016
3.	A.B.M. Asst. Hossein Additional Secretary	L.GID M/O LGID & cooperation	01819253575	21/12/16
✓ 4.	Shamima Choudhury Joint Director NSI	NSI	01817169644 shamimach174@bhel.com	21/12/16
5.	Priya Jyoti Khisa Joint secretary	Ministry of CHT Affairs	01714387539 PJKhisa@yahoo.co.in	21/12/16
6.	Capt Jakir Hossain	AFD	01769014282 col_int@afd.gov	21/12/16
7.	Bng Gen Md Zakir Hossain, Director, NSI	NSI	01811418046 hossainzakir1965@yahoo.com	21.12.16
8.	Engr. Muhammad Shamsul Huj Bhuiyan, SE, DPHE Chg. Dir.	DPHE	01715034573 shamsulhujbhuiyan@gmail.com	21.12.2016
9.	Md. Badrul Hassan JS Babul	MoC	babulrang06@yahoo.com	21/12/16
10.	Tanvir Momtaz AIG (crime-metro)	PHQ	aigcr2@police.gov.bd	21/12/16
11.	MD. MAZIKARUL ISLAM DIG (Immigration)	SB	digimmisb@police.gov.bd	21/12/16
12.	Cdr. Yahya Syed BN DDG,	PCG	yahya_syed@yahoo.com	21/12/16

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Sl.No	Name/ Designation	Ministry/ Organization	Cell No. & Email ID	Signature
13.	Md. Mozammel Haque Solicitor	Law + Justice Div.	01717-214206	
14.	S. M. Ahsanul Azar Deputy Secretary (WHD)	MOHFW	01715460945	 21.12.2016
15.	Md. Tauhidul Islam BGBM, PBGHS (Bw), PSC, Gt, DIR OPS	BGB	01711395701	
16.	Sarwar Daou Chief of Mission	IOM	01711595764	
17.	Amb. Syedur Rahman	ICR,		
18.	Gulam Mesbah uddin Director	NGO AB PMO	01711-540650	 21-12-16
19.	Mirza Mohammad Ali Reza Senior Asst. Secretary	ERD	01712691297 reza3174@gmail.com	
20.	Mamunul Karim Chief of Mission DGO (SEA)	MOFA	01787696508 mamunulkarim@yahoo.com	
21.	Dr. SARWAR MAHBUB Representative of CFS Colisbagan.	MOHFW	01715-008871 drsarwar.mahbub@gmail.com	
✓ 22.	Md. Tanjir Shaukat H. Cal HQ DGOFI	DGOFI	01730501970 gt.sauq.chib@gmail.com	
23.	Md. Alamgir Hossain Project Director	BBS	01789944944 alamgir.hossain@bbs.gov.bd	
24.	Peppi Siddiq Project Manager	IOM	01788568804	